

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL BURAIDAH
WORKSHEET NO. 9
GEOGRAPHY CH#6 Human Resources

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Q1. What is considered as the greatest resource of a nation?

a) Minerals b) Technology c) People d) Forests

Answer: c) People

Q2. The uneven distribution of population in the world is primarily due to:

a) Differences in land and climate b) Lack of education
c) Religious beliefs d) Urbanization

Answer: a) Differences in land and climate

Q3. What does "population density" refer to?

a) Total number of people in a country b) Number of people living in a rural area
c) Number of people living in a unit area of the earth's surface d) Number of people who migrate to a city

Answer: c) Number of people living in a unit area of the earth's surface

Q4. In India, the census is conducted every _____ years.

a) 5 b) 10 c) 15 d) 20

Answer: b) 10 years

Q5. Which continent has the highest population concentration?

a) Africa b) Europe c) Asia d) South America

Answer: c) Asia

Q6. The difference between the birth rate and the death rate of a country is called:

a) Growth rate b) Migration rate c) Natural growth rate d) Literacy rate

Answer: c) Natural growth rate

Q7. People leaving a country to settle elsewhere is known as:

a) Immigration b) Emigration c) Migration d) Density

Answer: b) Emigration

Q8. Which of the following is not a factor affecting population distribution?

a) Topography b) Water availability c) Industrialization d) Intelligence

Answer: d) Intelligence

FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. People are a nation's greatest _____. (Ans: Resource)

2. _____ is the most highly populated city of India. (Ans: Mumbai)

3. The difference between the birth rate and the death rate is called _____. (Ans: Natural growth rate)

4. The movement of people in and out of an area is called _____. (Ans: Migration)

5. The age group 0-15 comes under the _____ group. (Ans: Dependent)

6. Nearly of the world's population live in Asia and Africa. (Ans: three quarters)